SDM630-MODBUS

Din Rail Smart Energy Meter for Single and Three Phase Electrical Systems



USER MANUAL 2016 V2.0 Important Safety Information is contained in the Maintenance section. Familiarize yourself with this information before attempting installation or other procedures.

Symbols used in this document:



Risk of Danger: These instructions contain important safety information: Read them before starting installation or servicing of the equipment

Caution: Risk of Electric Shock

1 Introduction

The SDM630-Modbus measures and displays the characteristics of single phase two wires (1p2w), three phase three wires (3p3w,) and three phase four wires(3p4w) supplies, including voltage, frequency, current, power ,active and reactive energy, imported or exported. Energy is measured in terms of kWh, kVArh. Maximum demand current can be measured over preset periods of up to 60 minutes. In order to measure energy, the unit requires voltage and current inputs in addition to the supply required to power the product.

SDM630-Modbus supports max. 100A direct connection, saves the cost and avoid the trouble to connect external CTs, giving the unit a cost-effective and easy operation. Built-in interfaces provides pulse and RS485 Modbus RTU outputs. Configuration is password protected.

1.1 Unit Characteristics

The Unit can measure and display:

- Line voltage and THD% (total harmonic distortion) of all phases
- Line Frequency
- Currents, Current demands and current THD% of all phases
- Power, maximum power demand and power factor
- Active energy imported and exported
- Reactive energy imported and exported

The unit has password-protected set-up screens for:

- Changing password
- Supply system selection 1p2w, 3p3w,3p4w
- Demand Interval Time(DIT)
- Reset for demand measurements
- Pulse output duration

Two pulse output indicates real-time energy measurement. An RS485 output allows remote monitoring from another display or a computer.

1.2 RS485 Serial – Modbus RTU

This uses an RS485 serial port with Modbus RTU protocol to provide a means of remotely monitoring and controlling the Unit

Set-up screens are provided for setting up the RS485 port.

1.3 Pulse output

This provides two pulse outputs that clock up measured active and reactive energy. The constant of pulse output 2 for active energy is 400imp/kWh (unconfigurable), its width is fixed at 100ms. The default constant of configurable pulse output 1 is 400imp/kWh, default pulse width is 100ms. The configurable pulse output 1 can be set from the set-up menu.

2. Start-up Screens

3.1	1лл2 MD € MPORT EXPORTIII L ¹⁻² Т -8.8.8.8 MkWh U%THD L ²⁻³ Σ -8.8:8.8 MkVArh Hz L ³⁻¹ MkVA ФХ ⊙ -8.8:8.8 MkVArh Hz PF c1c2	The first screen lights up all display segments and can be used as a display check
2	50FE 1.302 2014	The second screen indicates the firmware installed in the unit and its build number.
3	1752 2852 2855	The interface performs a self-test and indicates the result if the test passes.

After a short delay, the screen will display active energy measurements.

3. Measurements

The buttons operate as follows:

1		Selects the Voltage and Current display screens In Set-up Mode, this is the "Left" or "Back" button.
2	M A	Select the Frequency and Power factor display screens In Set-up Mode, this is the "Up" button
3	P V	Select the Power display screens In Set-up Mode, this is the "Down" button
4	E -	Select the Energy display screens In Set-up mode, this is the "Enter" or "Right" button

3.1 Voltage and Current

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		U/I 🗖		
	cessive press	ing of the	button selec	ts a new range:
1-1				Phase to neutral voltages(3p4w)
	L^1	nnnn		
	L ²		N/	
	L		V	
	L ³			
		ÜÜÜ.Ü		
1-2				Phase to neutral voltages(3p3w)
12	L ¹⁻²			
	L	380.0		
	L ²⁻³		V	
		jöü.ü	•	
	L ³⁻¹	חחסכ		
		380.0		
2				Current on each phase
	L^1	0000		
		U.U U U		
	L ²	nnnn	А	
	L ³	$\cup \cup \cup \cup$		
	L			
3-1				Phase to neutral voltage THD%(3p4w)
	L ¹	пппп		
	L ²		V %THD	
	L			
	L ³			
	-	0 0:0 0		
2.2)	Dhase to poutral valta as TUD9/(2-2-1)
3-2	1.1-2			Phase to neutral voltage THD%(3p3w)
	L ¹⁻²	00.10		
	L ²⁻³		v %IHU	
		00.10		
	L ³⁻¹			
		00.10		
				1

4				Current THD% for each phase
	L ¹ L ² L ³	0 0.0 0 0 0:0 0 0 0:0 0	I%THD	

3.2 Frequency and Power factor and Demand

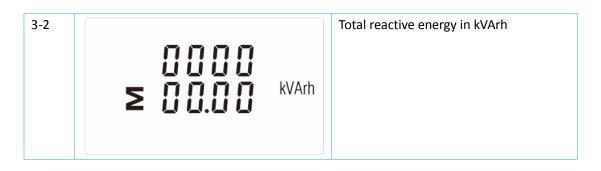
Each suce	cessive pressing of the M button selec	cts a new range:
1	≥ 00.00 Hz 0.999 PF	Frequency and Power Factor (total)
2	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Power Factor of each phase
3	MD ` 1.000 kW E	Maximum Power Demand
4	$ \begin{array}{ccccccc} & MD \\ L^1 & & & & \\ L^2 & & & & \\ L^3 & & & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & MD \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & MD \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & MD \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & MD \\ & & \\$	Maximum Current Demand

3.3 Power

essive pressi	ng of the P b	utton selec	t a new range:
			Instantaneous Active Power in kW
L ¹	0000	kW	
L ²			
1.2	Ü.Ü Ü Ü		
L	nnnn		
	0.000		Instantaneous Reactive Power in kVAr
L^1	0000		
	Ü.Ü Ü Ü		
Ľ	nnnn	kVAr	
L ³	<u> </u>		
	U.UUUU		
			Instantaneous Volt-amps in KVA
L ¹	nnnn		
L ²			
13		13/4	
L		KVA	
			Total kW, kVArh, kVA
	0000	kW	
	ײַײַעַטַ		
Σ		kvAr	
	nnnn	kVA	
	\mathbf{U} . \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U}		
	$ \begin{bmatrix} L^{1} \\ L^{2} \\ L^{3} \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} L^{1} \\ L^{2} \\ L^{3} \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} L^{1} \\ L^{1} \end{bmatrix} $	$\begin{bmatrix} L^{1} \\ L^{2} \\ L^{3} \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$	$\begin{bmatrix} L^{1} \\ L^{2} \\ L^{3} \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.0000 \\ 0.0000 $

Energy Measurements

LITELEY	leasurements	
Each succ	cessive pressing of the	n selects a new range:
1-1	(IMPORT)	Wh
1-2	KW COUCO COU	Exported active energy in kWh
2-1		Imported reactive energy in kVArh /Arh
2-2		Exported reactive energy in kVArh
3-1	0000 ^{км} ≥ 0 <u>3</u> .14	Total active energy in kWh

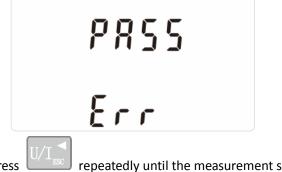


4. Set-up

To enter set-up mode, pressing the button for 3 seconds, until the password screen appears.



Setting up is password-protected so you must enter the correct password (default '1000') before processing. If an incorrect password is entered, the display will show: Err



To exit setting-up mode, press

repeatedly until the measurement screen is restored.

4.1 Set-up Entry Methods

Some menu items, such as password, require a four-digit number entry while others, such as supply system, require selection from a number of menu options.

4.1.1 Menu Option Selection

	M A		Р
1) Use the		and	

buttons to select the required item from the menu. Selection does not roll over between bottom and top of list

2) Press

to confirm your selection

and 3) If an item flashes, then it can be adjusted by the buttons. If not, there maybe a further layer.

4) Having selected an option from the current layer, press E to confirm your selection.
The SET indicator will appear.
5) Having completed a parameter setting, press to return to a higher menu level. The
SET indicator will be removed and you will be able to use the and M A P buttons for
further menu selection.
6) On completion of all set-up, press repeatedly until the measurement screen is restored.

4.1.2 Number Entry Procedure

When setting up the unit, some screens require the entering of a number. In particular, on entry to the setting up section, a password must be entered. Digits are set individually, from left to right. The procedure is as follows:

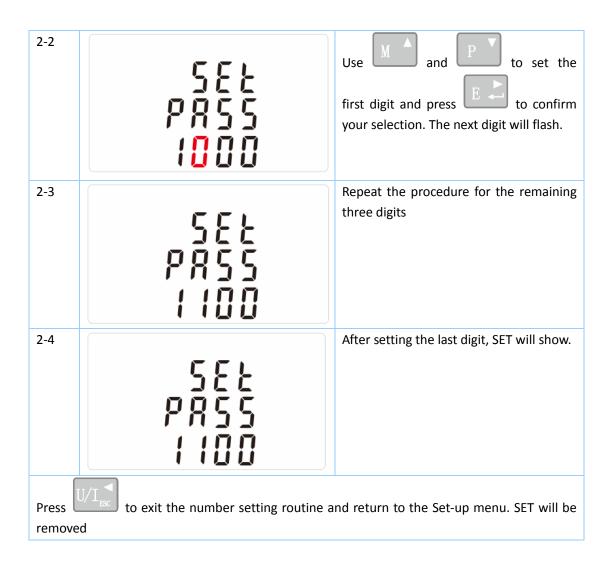
1) The current digit to be set flashes and is set using the

	р	
and		buttons

2) Press to confirm each digit setting. The SET indicator appears after the last digit has been set.

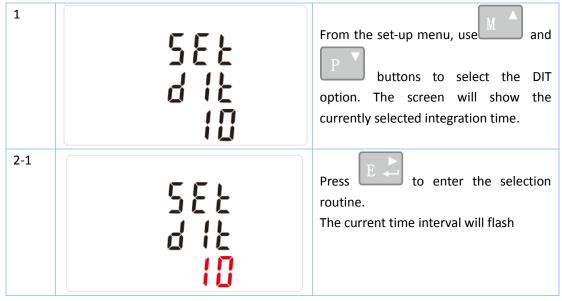
1	582 P855 1000	Use the and P to choose the change password option
2-1	582 P855 1 000	Press the E to enter the change password routine. The new password screen will appear with the first digit flashing

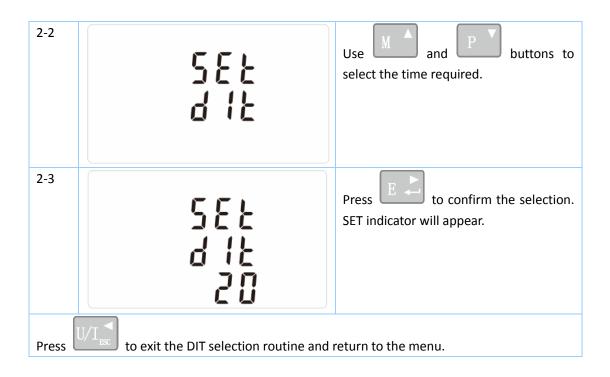
4.2 Change password



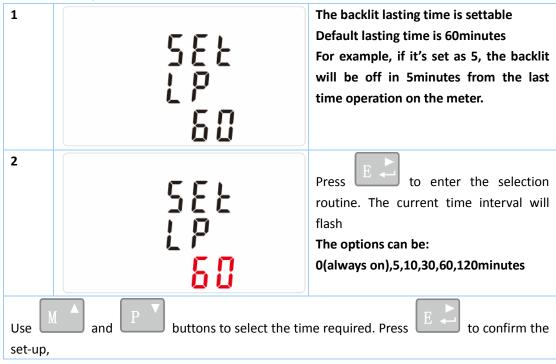
4.3 DIT Demand Integration Time

This sets the period in minutes over which the current and power readings are integrated for maximum demand measurement. The options are: 0, 5, 8, 10, 15, 20, 30, 60 minutes



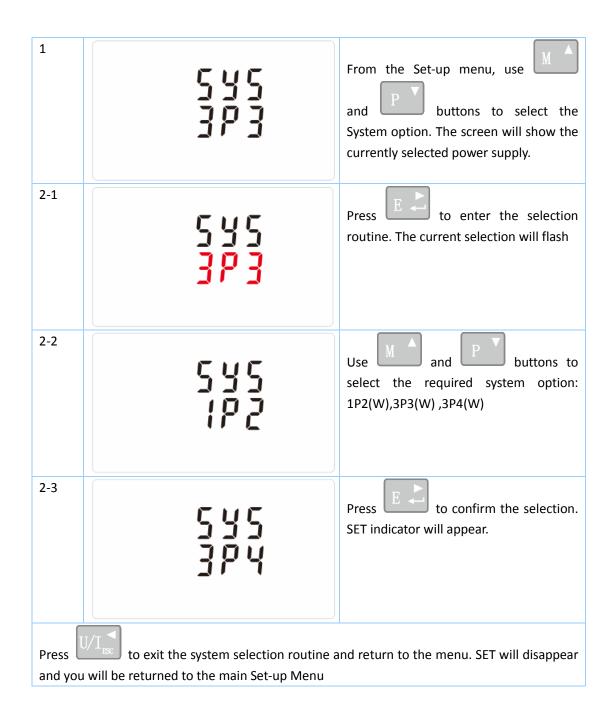


4.4 Backlit setup



4.5 Supply System

Use this section to set the type of power supply being monitored.



4.6 Pulse output

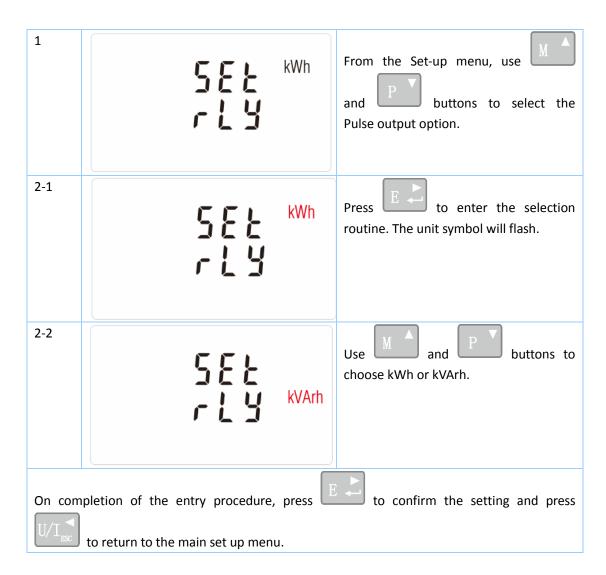
This option allows you to configure the pulse output 1. The output can be set to provide a pulse for a defined amount of energy active or reactive.

Use this section to set up the pulse output for:

Total kWh/ Total kVArh

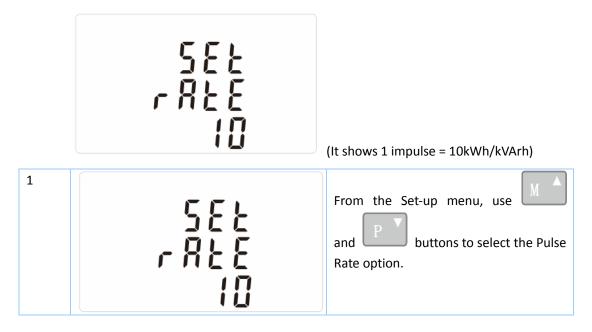
Import kWh/Export kWh

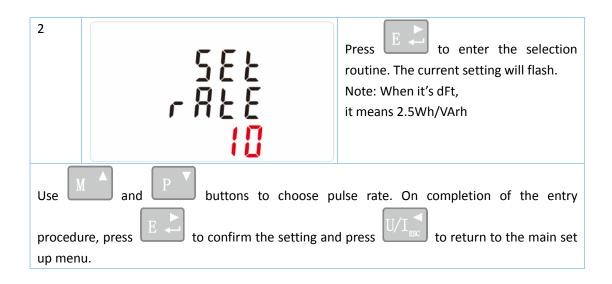
Import KVArh/Export KVArh



4.6.1 Pulse rate

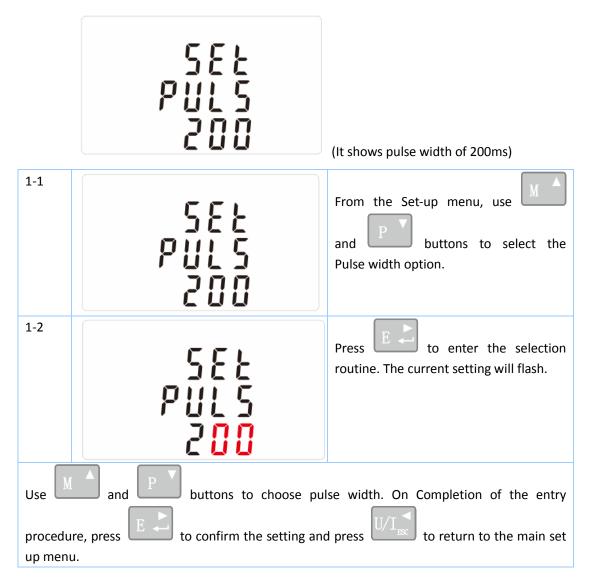
Use this to set the energy represented by each pulse. Rate can be set to 1 pulse per dFt/0.01/0.1/1/10/100kWh/kVArh.





4.6.2 Pulse Duration

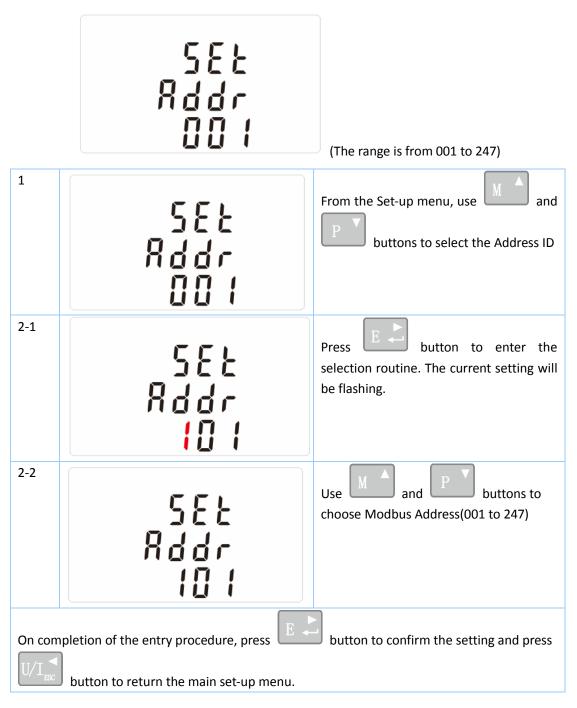
The energy monitored can be active or reactive and the pulse width can be selected as 200, 100(default) or 60ms.



4.7 Communication

There is a RS485 port can be used for communication using Modbus RTU protocol. For Modbus RTU, parameters are selected from Front panel.

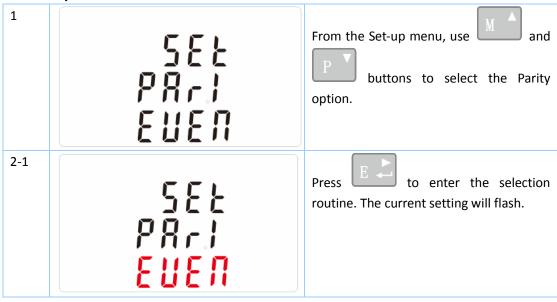
4.7.1 RS485 Address



4.7.2 Baud Rate 1 From the Set-up menu, use 585 6886 and buttons to select the Baud Rate option. 95 k 2-1 585 5886 Press to enter the selection routine. The current setting will flash. k 2-2 Use buttons to and 588 choose Baud rate 2.4k. 4.8k, 9.6k, 19.2k, 6884 38.4k k 78Y On completion of the entry procedure, press to confirm the setting and press

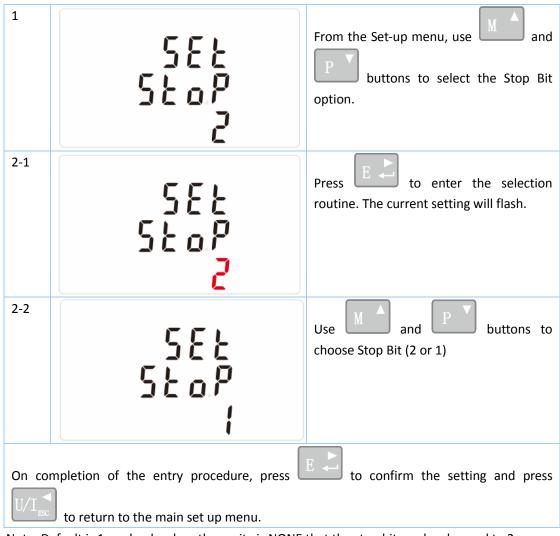
4.7.3 Parity

to return to the main set up menu.



2-2	582 2871 2022	Use and P buttons to choose Parity (EVEN / ODD / NONE)		
On Completion of the entry procedure, press E to confirm the setting and press U/I_{ssc} to return to the main set up menu.				

4.7.4 Stop bits



Note: Default is 1, and only when the parity is NONE that the stop bit can be changed to 2.

4.8 CLR

The meter provides a function to reset the maximum demand value of current and power.

1	ELr	From the Set-up menu, use and buttons to select the reset option.
2		Press E to enter the selection routine. The MD will flash.
Press	E Lo confirm the setting and press	to return to the main set up menu.

5 Specifications

5.1 Measured Parameters

The unit can monitor and display the following parameters of a single phase two wire(1p2w), three phase three wire(3p3w) or four phase four wire(3p4w) supply.

5.1.1 Voltage and Current

Phase to neutral voltages 100 to 289V a.c. (not for 3p3w supplies) Voltages between phases 173 to 500V a.c. (3p supplies only) Basic current (Ib): 10A Max current : 100A Min. Current: 5% of Ib Starting current: 0.4% of Ib Percentage total voltage harmonic distortion (THD%) for each phase to N (not for 3p3w supplies) Percentage voltage THD% between phases (three phase supplies only) Current THD% for each phase

5.1.2 Power factor and Frequency and Max. Demand

Frequency in Hz Instantaneous power: Power 0 to 99999 W Reactive Power 0 to 99999 VAr Volt-amps 0 to 99999 VA Maximum demanded power since last Demand reset Power factor Maximum neutral demand current, since the last Demand reset (for 3p4w supply only)

5.1.3 Energy Measurements

- Imported active energy 0 to 999999.99 kWh
- Exported active energy 0 to 999999.99 kWh
- Imported reactive energy 0 to 999999.99 kVArh
- Exported reactive energy 0 to 999999.99 kVArh
- Total active energy 0 to 999999.99 kWh
- Total reactive energy 0 to 999999.99 kVArh

5.2 Measured Inputs

Voltage inputs through 4-way fixed connector with 25mm² stranded wire capacity. single phase two wire(1p2w), three phase three wire(3p3w) or four phase four wire(3p4w) unbalanced. Line frequency measured from L1 voltage or L3 voltage.

5.3 Accuracy

- Voltage 0.5% of range maximum
- Current 0.5% of nominal
- Frequency 0.2% of mid-frequency
- Power factor 1% of unity (0.01)
- Active power (W) ±1% of range maximum
- Reactive power (VAr) ±1% of range maximum
- Apparent power (VA) ±1% of range maximum
- Active energy (Wh) Class 1 IEC 62053-21
- Reactive energy (VARh) ±1% of range maximum
- Total harmonic distortion 1% up to 31st harmonic
 - Temperature co-efficient Voltage and current = 0.013%/°C typical
 - Active energy = 0.018%/°C, typical
- Response time to step input 1s, typical, to >99% of final reading, at 50 Hz.

5.4 Interfaces for External Monitoring

Three interfaces are provided:

- an RS485 communication channel that can be programmed for Modbus RTU protocol
- an Pulse output(Pulse 1) indicating real-time measured energy.(configurable)
- an Pulse output(Pulse 2) 400imp/kWh

The Modbus configuration (Baud rate etc.) and the pulse output assignments (kW/kVArh, import/export etc.) are configured through the Set-up screens.

5.4.1 Pulse Output

The unit provides two pulse outputs. Both pulse outputs are passive type.

Pulse output 1 is configurable. The pulse output can be set to generate pulses to represent total / import/export kWh or kVarh.

The pulse constant can be set to generate 1 pulse per:

dFt = 2.5 Wh/VArh

0.01 = 10 Wh/VArh

0.1 = 100 Wh/VArh $1 = 1 \, kWh/kVArh$ 10 = 10 kWh/kVArh100 = 100 kWh/kVArh Pulse width: 200/100/60ms Pulse output 2 is non-configurable. It is fixed up with active kWh. The constant is 400imp/kWh.

5.4.2 RS485 Output for Modbus RTU

For Modbus RTU, the following RS485 communication parameters can be configured from the Set-up menu:

Baud rate 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 Parity none (default)/odd/even Stop bits 1 or 2 RS485 network address nnn – 3-digit number, 001 to 247 Modbus[™] Word order Hi/Lo byte order is set automatically to normal or reverse. It cannot

be configured from the set-up menu.

5.5 Reference Conditions of Influence Quantities

Influence Quantities are variables that affect measurement errors to a minor degree. Accuracy is verified under nominal value (within the specified tolerance) of these conditions.

23°C ±1°C

Up to 2000m

1 minute

- Ambient temperature
- Input frequency

50 or 60Hz ±2% Input waveform Sinusoidal (distortion factor < 0.005)

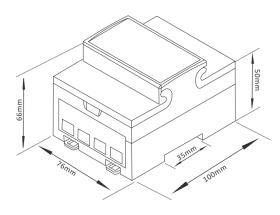
Magnetic field of external origin Terrestrial flux •

5.6 Environment

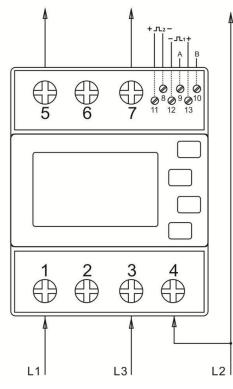
•	Operating temperature	-25°C to +55°C*
•	Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C*
•	Relative humidity	0 to 90%, non-condensing

- Altitude
- Warm up time
- Vibration 10Hz to 50Hz, IEC 60068-2-6, 2g

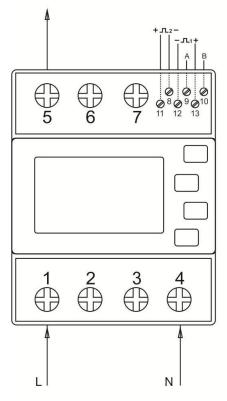
5.7 Mechanics



6 Wiring diagram Three Phase Three Wires



Single Phase Two Wires



Three Phase Four Wires

